

# MEG/EEG Trial extractor GUI

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## 1. Introduction

This document is instructions for vb\_trial\_extractor.

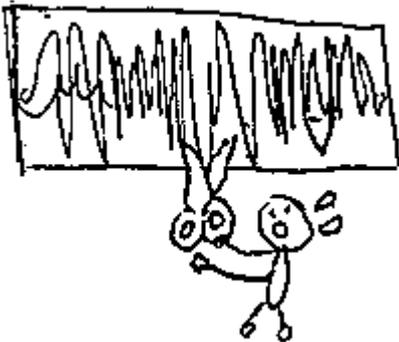
vb\_trial\_extractor extract trials from MEG/EEG file(.meg.mat/.eeg.mat) which contains a single continuous time series data and puts extracted trials into new MEG/EEG file(Evoked MEG/EEG file)

### Workflow

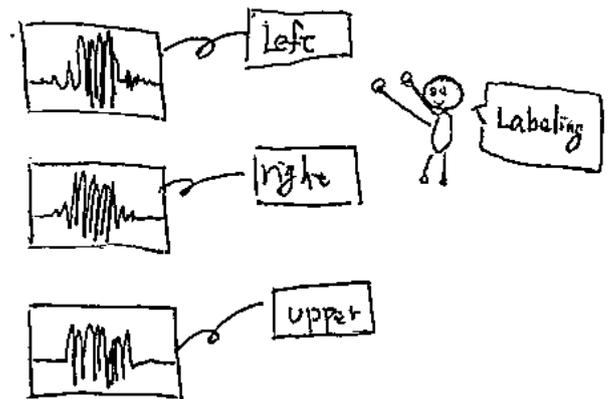
The workflow is listed below.

- (1) Extract trials from continuous MEG/EEG file
- (2) Attach label to trials
- (3) Put selected label into new MEG/EEG file.

(1) Extract trial from continuous data by seeing a trigger channel.



(2) Label trials.



(3) Put selected label into MEG/EEG file.



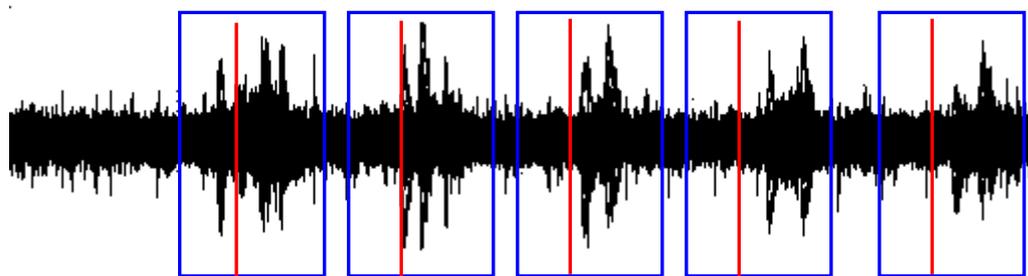
What is trial?

Timeseries data which is defined by Pretrigger/Posttrigger length and stimulus onset time.

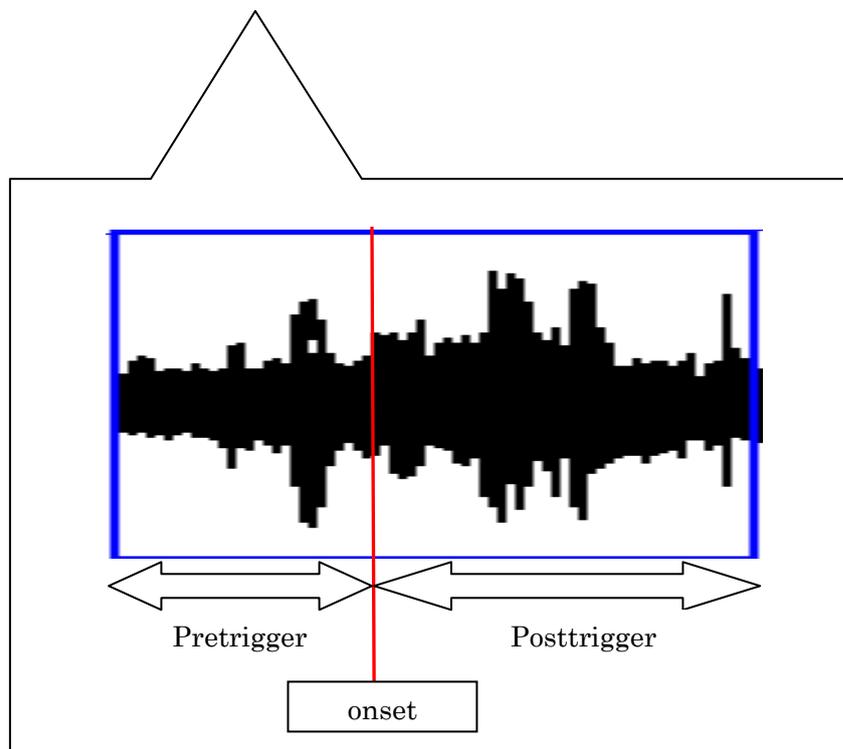
The requirements for trial extraction

To extract trials, you have to measure trigger data as an extra channel data. `vb_trial` extractor find trials by checking the extra channel data.

Supported trigger types: please refer to the trigger parameters section.



continuous data(blue:trial, red:stimulus onset)



requirements for input file.

- (a) MEG/EEG file which is imported by VBMEG. This file should contain a single continuous timeseries data.(extension: .meg.mat, .eeg.mat).
- (b) It is necessary to have trigger data as an extra channel data.

! NOTE

If necessary, pre-process the data

(vb\_megfile\_filter\_ch\_data(), vb\_eegfile\_filter\_ch\_data() are available.)

Do not apply downsampling because trial extraction may be failed for the lack of the trigger data. You can specify an output sampling frequency when you create new Evoked MEG/EEG files.

\* sample data

/home/cbi-data5/common/example/vbmeg10\_preprocess/

Sample data file :A005a\_filt.meg.mat

- Trigger channel

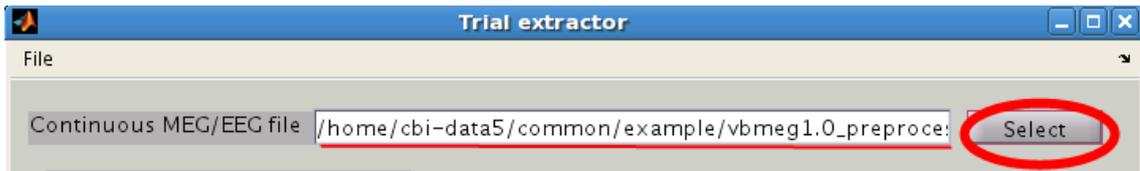
436ch:Audio signal which was presented to the left ear.

437ch:Audio signal which was presented to the right ear.

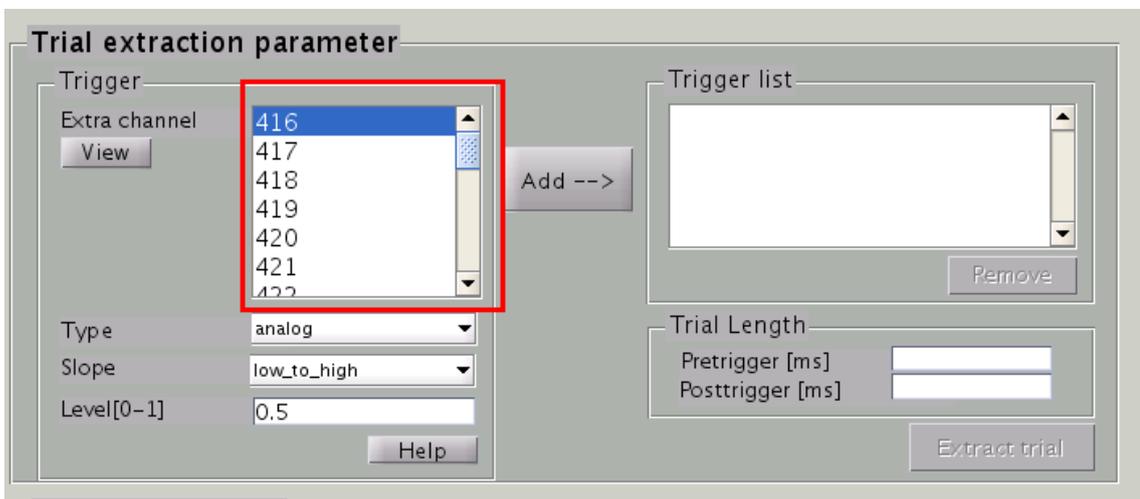
## 2. Trial extraction

Input filename and trigger information

1. After setting a path for VBMEG, start gui from command line.  
\$>vb\_trial\_extractor
2. Press the “Select” button and choose MEG/EEG file.

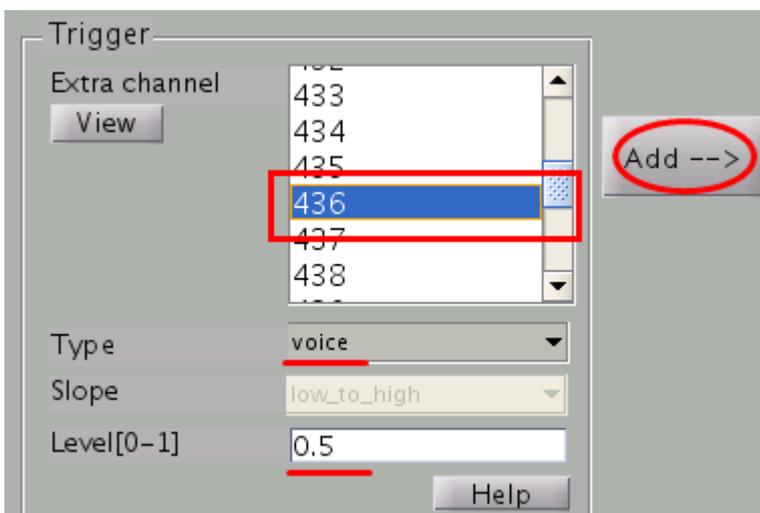


Then, extra channels are showing.

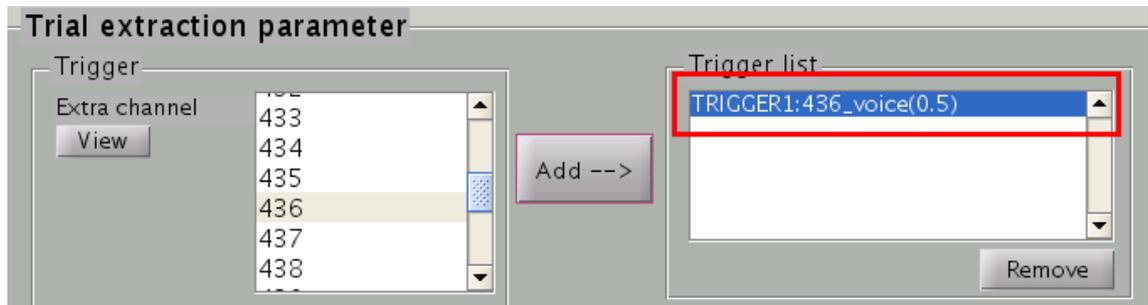


3. Select Channel: 436 and Type:voice.

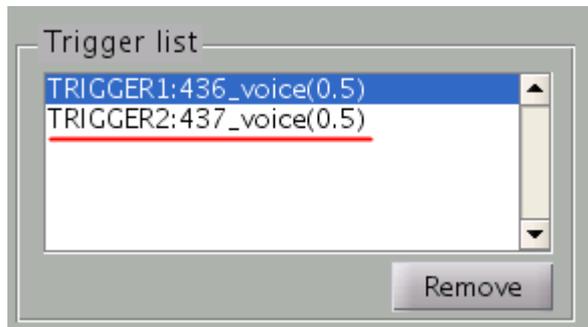
Then click the “Add” button.



The input trigger was added to the Trigger list.



4. In the same way, add trigger information for channel 437.



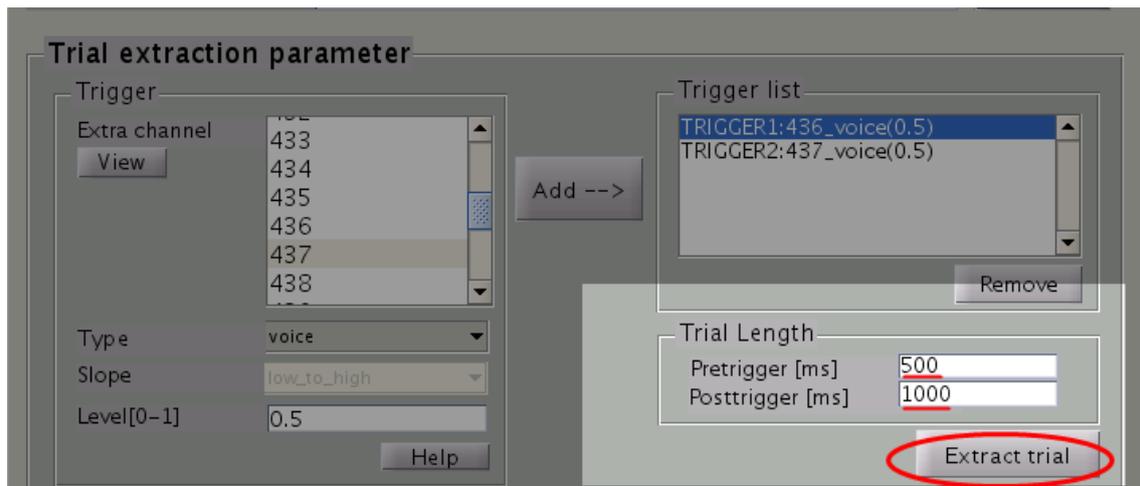
The setting of Pretrigger and Posttrigger length

Set Pretrigger and Posttrigger length in millisecond(positive integer).

Pretrigger[ms]:500

Posttrigger[ms]:1000

Press the “Extract trial” button.



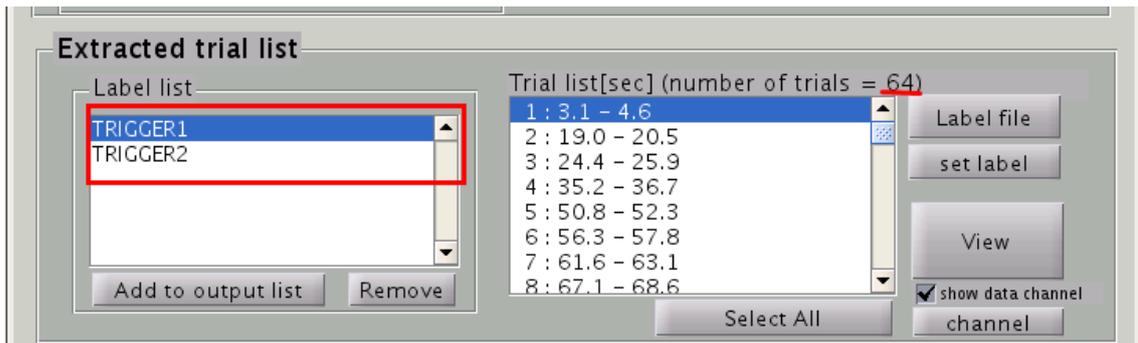
### Check extracted trials

Extracted label:TRIGGER1, TRIGGER2 is showing on the Label list.

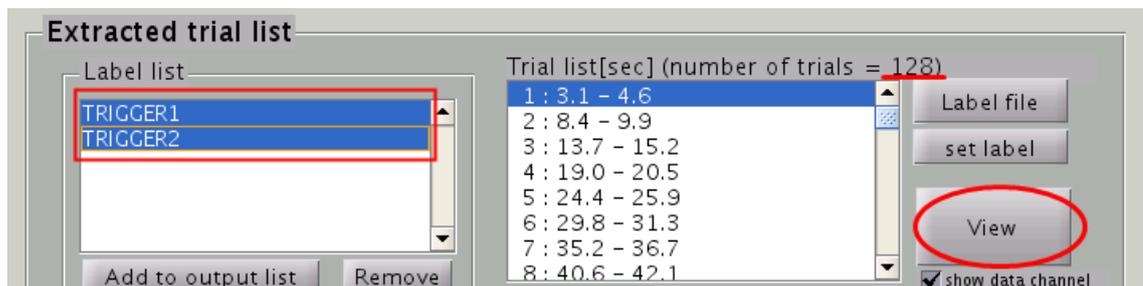
(TRIGGER1 was extracted from 436ch, TRIGGER2 was extracted from 437ch)

1. If you click a label name, trials will be shown on the trial list.

(64 trials were detected by TRIGGER1)



2. Choose TRIGGER1 and TRIGGER2 with pushing CTRL key. Then press the “View” button.

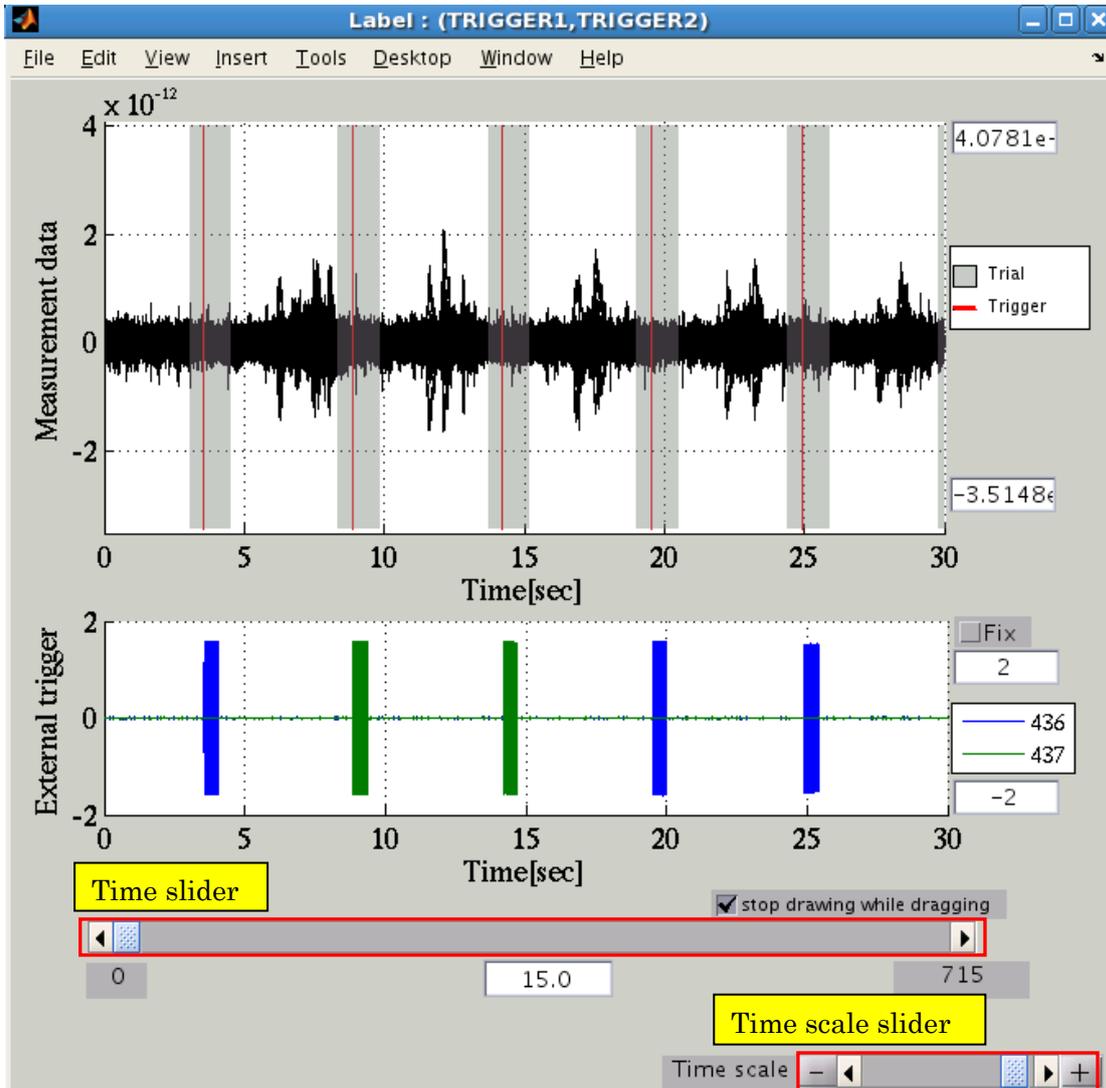


When multiple labels are selected, trials are unified and then sorted by onset time.

3. Check that the trials were extracted in the appropriate position by using time slider and time scale slider.

Upper figure: Timeseries data + Trials(red is onset.)

Lower figure: Trigger data(blue:436ch green:437ch)



### 3. Label to trials

Extracted trials has a default label, the prefix “TRIGGER”.

If you want to label to trials, there are two ways.

(a)Label to trials by label file.

(b)Label to trials by hand

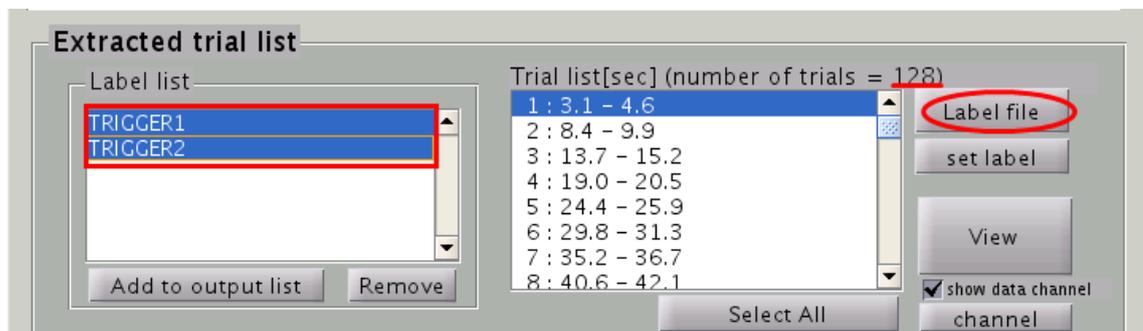
(a)Label to trials by label file.

Trials can be categorized into 4 different types.

(right\_800、right\_3200、left\_800、left\_3200 : numbers denote a frequency of the tone.)

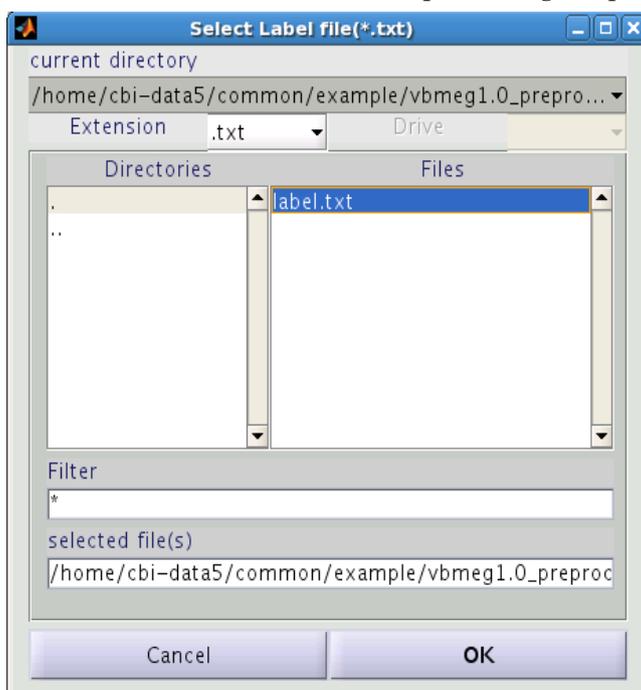
1. Select “TRIGGER1” and “TRIGGER2” with pushing CTRL key.

Trials were unified and sorted by onset time. Then push the “Label file”.



2. Select label file in the appearing dialog

/home/cbi-data5/common/example/vbmeg1.0\_preprocess/raw/label.txt

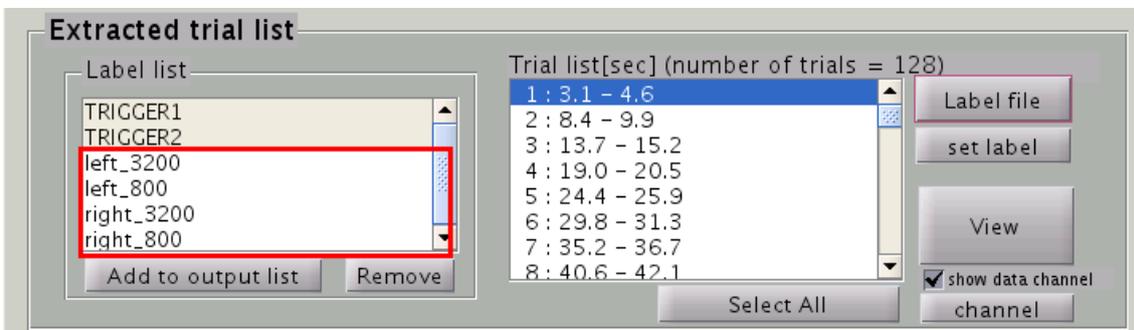


The contents of the label file is described on the next page.

Label file is a text file that lists for the labeling for the trial of being displayed in the Trial list.

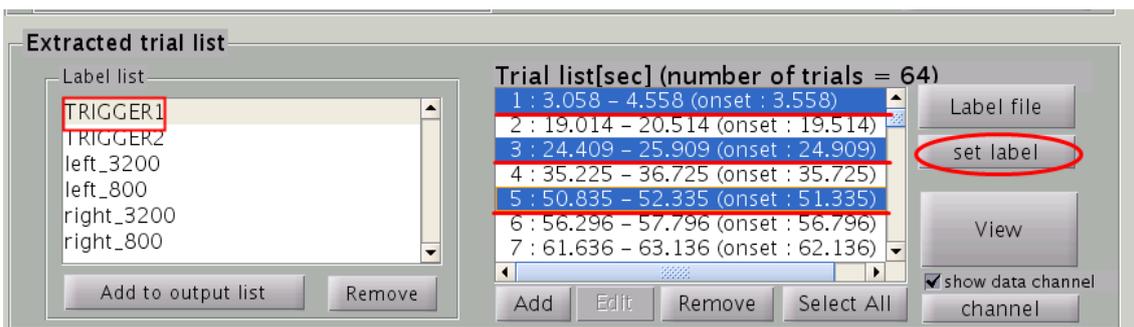
```
left_3200
right_800
left_800
right_3200
...
```

When the total number of labels in the label file and the total number of trials are different, an error occurs. In this case, it is necessary to have written 128 lines. After finished labeling, four new labels are added to the Label list.



(b) Label to trials by hand

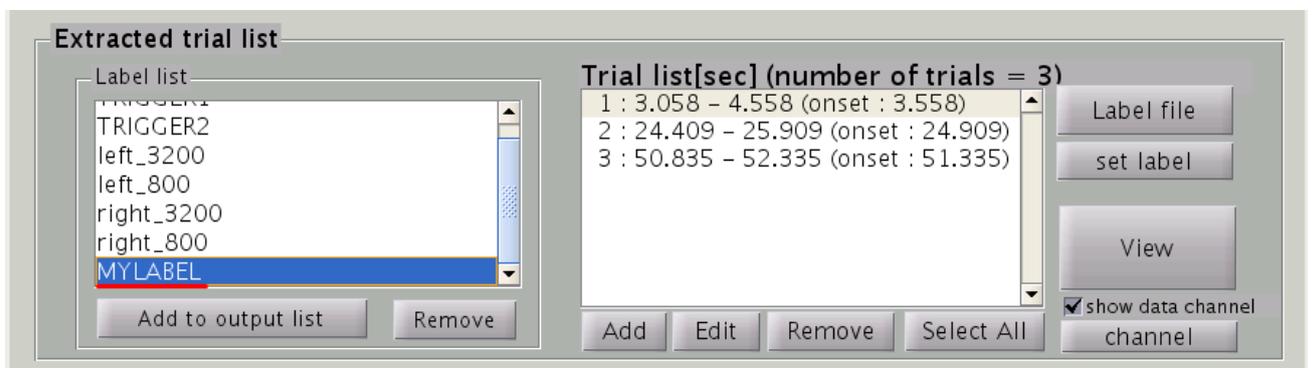
For example, when you want to create a label for trial 1,3,5 which are contained in the TRIGGER1, select the "TRIGGER1" from the Label list and then choose trial 1,3,5 from the Trial list with pushing [CTRL] key, then press the "set label" button.



The dialog to input the name of the label appears. Input label name and press the “OK” button.(Here, MYLABEL was specified.)



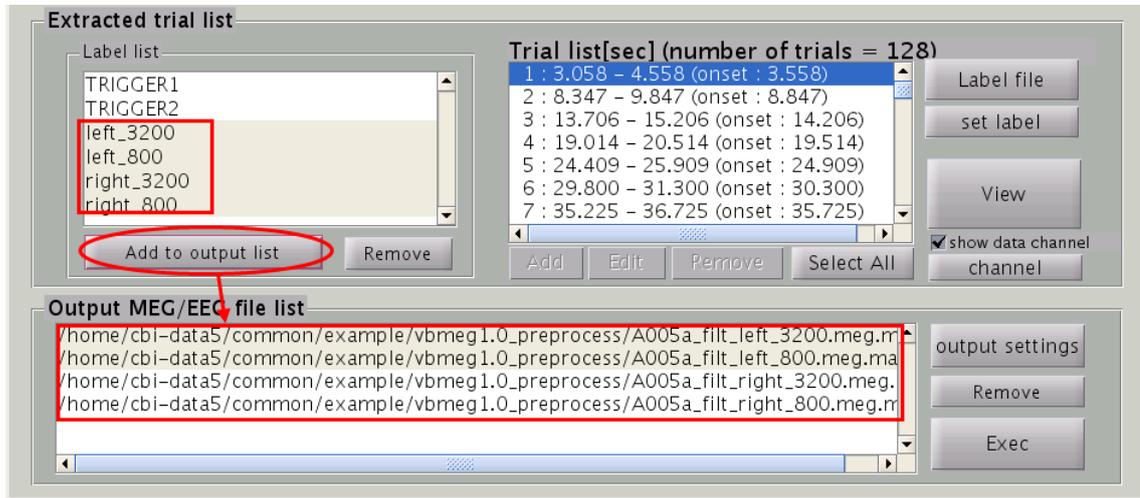
MYLABEL which contains trial: 1,3,5 were created.



#### 4. Output Evoked MEG/EEG file

1. Select labels which you want to output and press the “Add to output list” button.

Output MEG/EEG file list is updated.



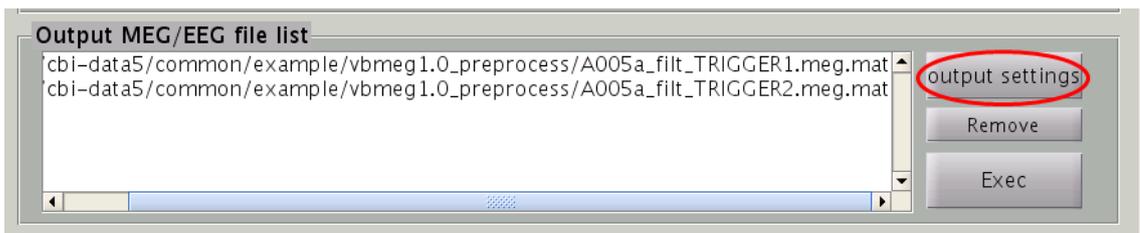
2. Press “Exec” button, MEG/EEG files are created.

If down sampling is necessary, please check “The setting of sampling frequency for output files”.

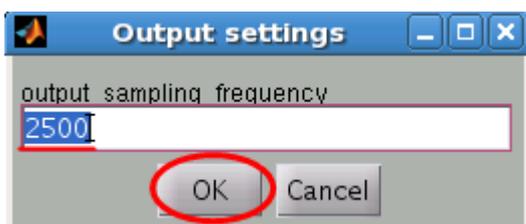
#### The setting of sampling frequency for output files

You can specify the sampling frequency for output files.

1. Press the “Output settings” button.



2. The dialog to input the sampling frequency for output files. Input sampling frequency and press the “OK” button.

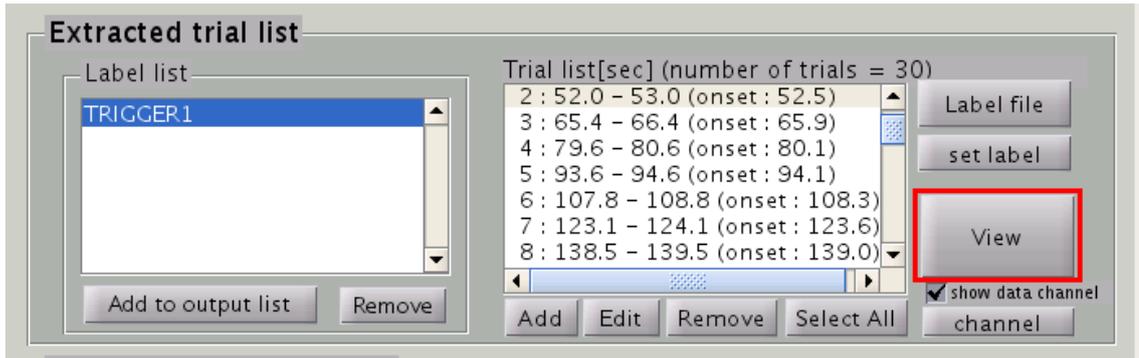


## 5. Manual adjustment of trial position.

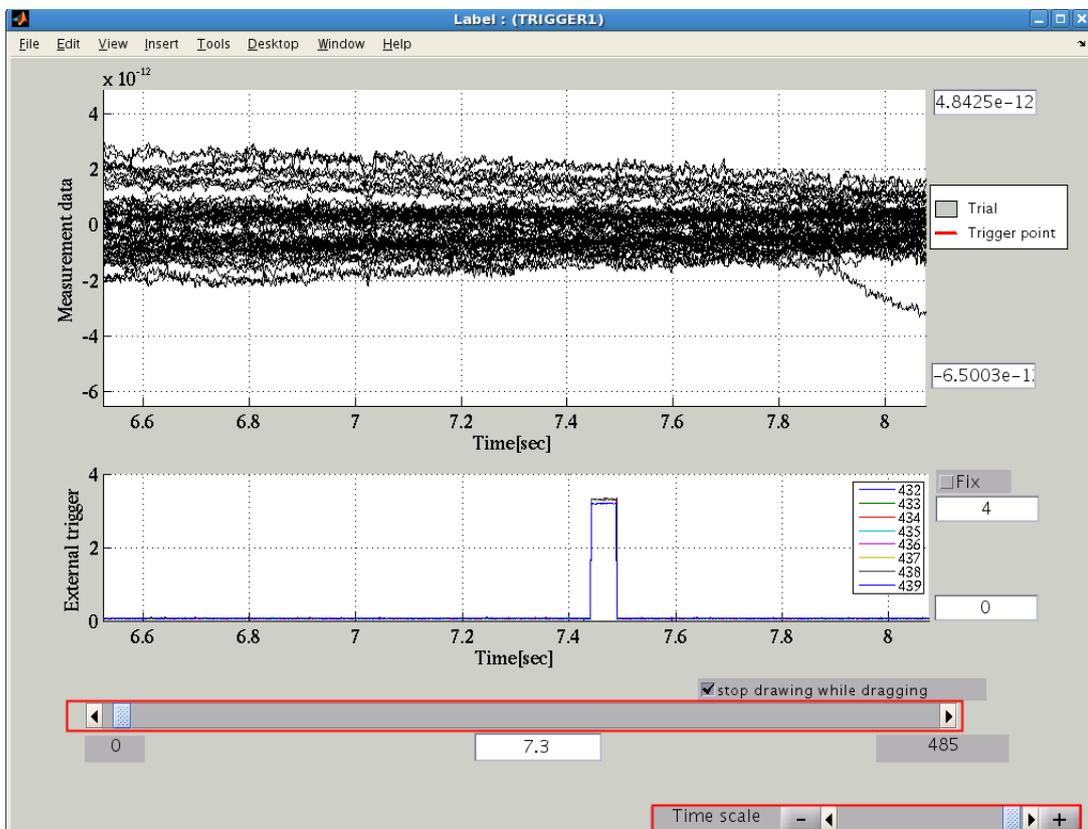
Add trial

If you want to add a trial, you can add it by hand.

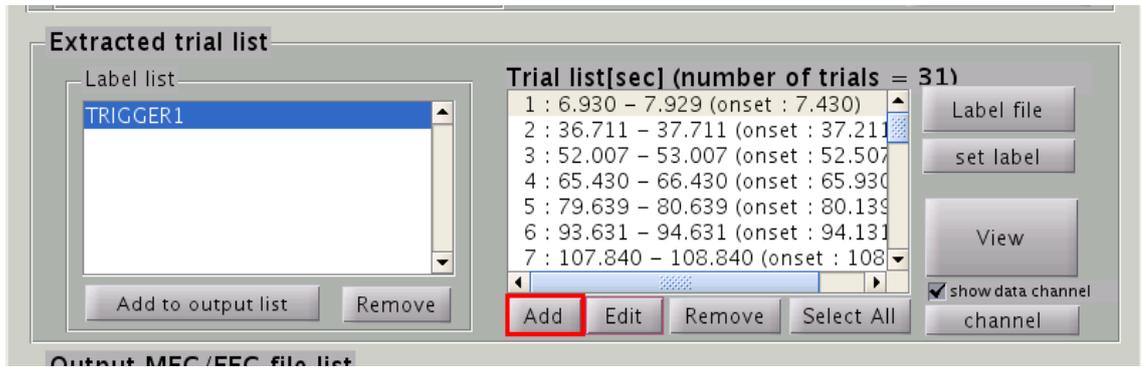
1. Select label from Label list.
2. Press the “View” button to launch data display screen.



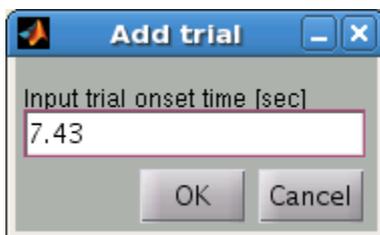
3. Show the position which you want to add a new trial by using time slider and time scale slider. In this example, there is a trigger point around 7.4 seconds. But it failed to extract as a trial.



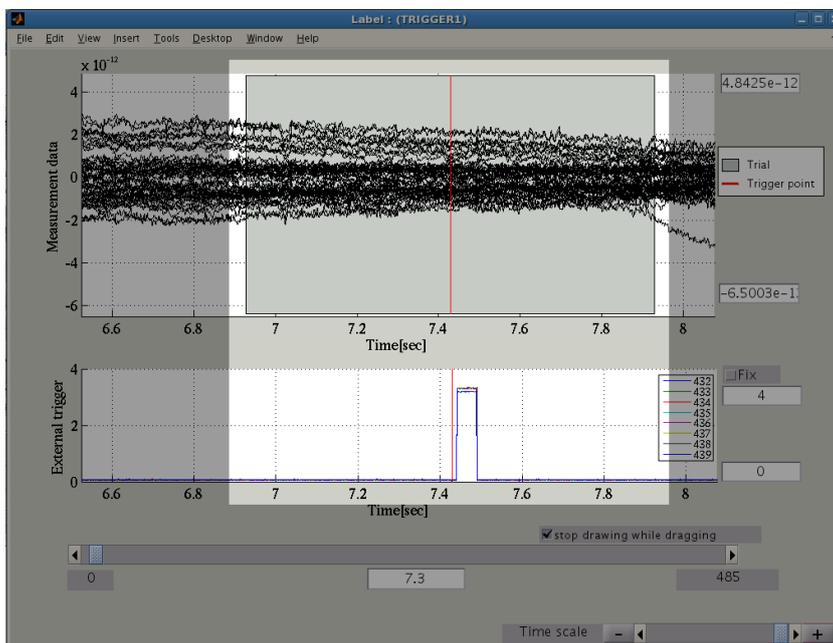
4. Press the “Add” button.



5. The dialog to input the onset time. Input 7.43 and press the “OK” button.

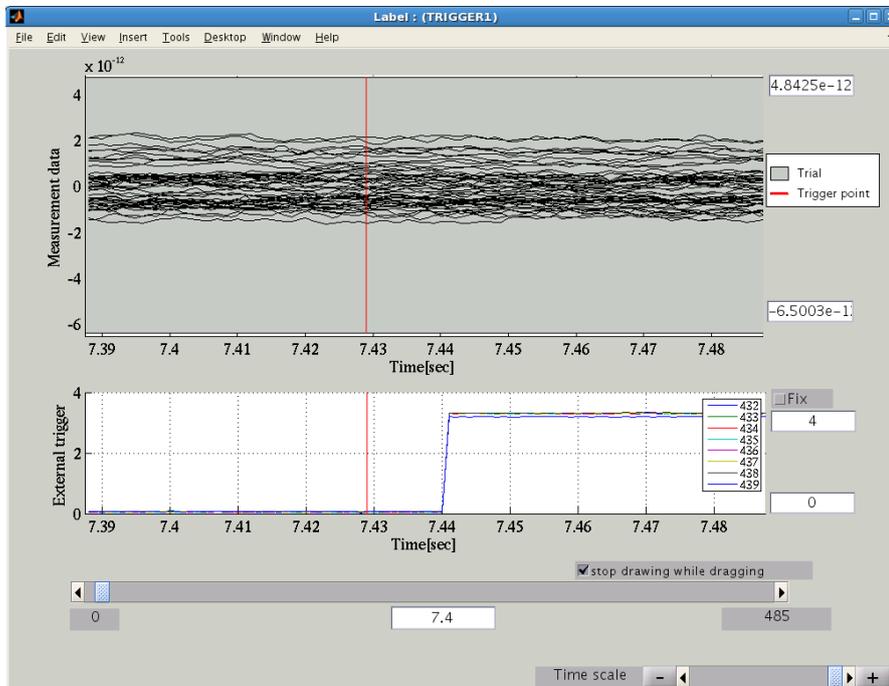


6. The trial was added as below.

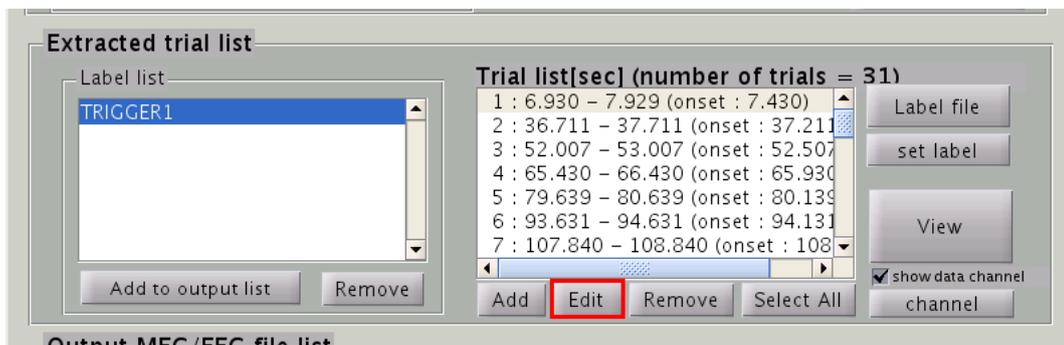


## Edit trial

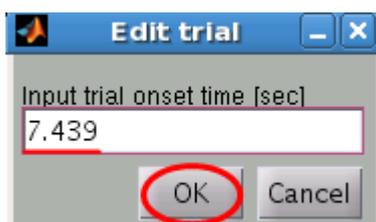
1. If the position of trial is shifted as below, you can correct manually.



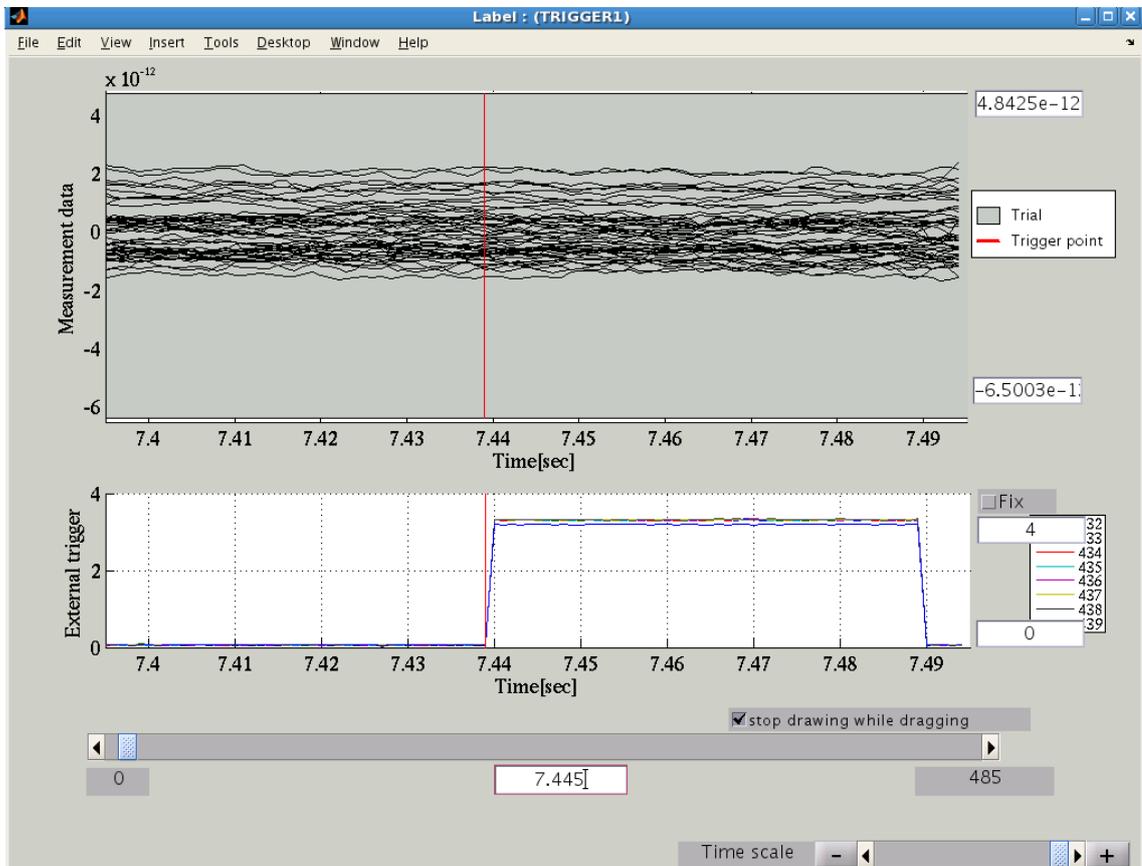
2. Select trial number 1(6.930-7.929) from the Trial list and Press the “Edit” button.



3. The dialog to input the onset time appears. Input correct onset time and press the “OK” button.



Data display screen is updated.



### Remove trial

If you want to remove specified trial(s), select the label which contains the target trial(s) and choose trial(s) in the Trial list, then press the “Remove” button.

The 'Extracted trial list' dialog box contains a 'Label list' with 'TRIGGER1' selected. The 'Trial list[sec] (number of trials = 31)' shows the following entries:

Trial ID	Start [sec]	End [sec]	Onset [sec]
1	6.939	7.938	7.439
2	36.711	37.711	37.211
3	52.007	53.007	52.507
4	65.430	66.430	65.930
5	79.639	80.639	80.139
6	93.631	94.631	94.131
7	107.840	108.840	108.340

The 'Remove' button is highlighted in red.

## 6. Reference

### Trigger parameters

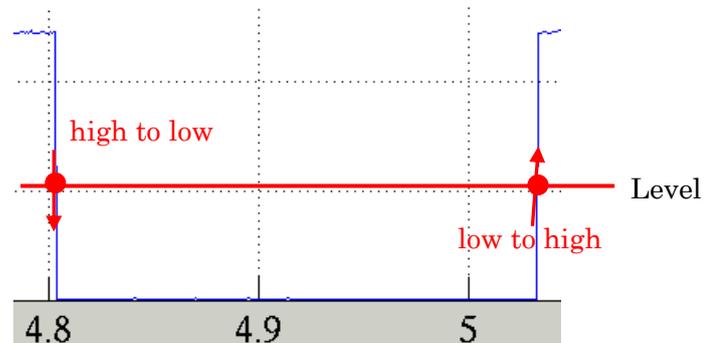
vb\_trial\_extractor can detect six types of triggers (analog, emg, voice, integer, bit, multi channel pattern). Please use them depending on the types of triggers that is recorded in the external channel.

### analog

Find onset points using analog signal.

#### \* Basic parameter

Type	analog
Slope	low_to_high
Level[0-1]	0.5
Other parameters	<input type="button" value="optional"/> <input type="button" value="advanced"/>



Slope:

low\_to\_high : Find points that analog signal exceed the specified level.

high\_to\_low : Find points that analog signal goes under the specified level.

Level[0-1]:Threshold value (0-1). The maximum signal value is normalized to 1.

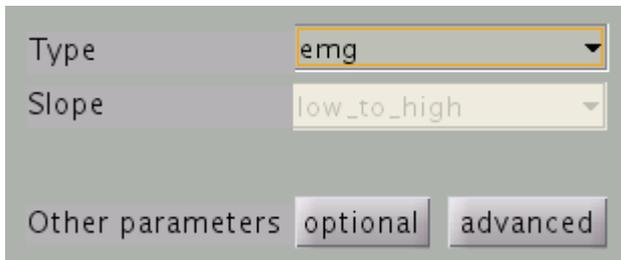
\*Optional parameter : none

\*Advanced parameter : none

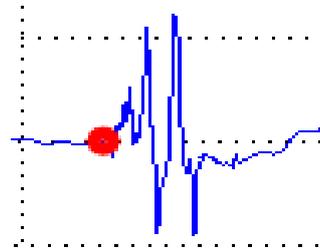
## emg

Find onset points using emg signal.

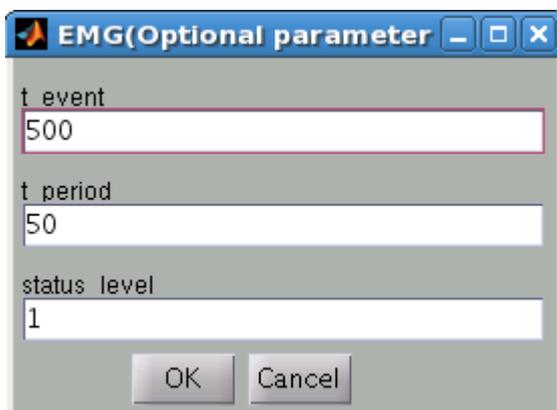
\* Basic parameter : none



Type: emg  
Slope: low\_to\_high  
Other parameters: optional advanced



\* Optional parameter



EMG(Optional parameter)

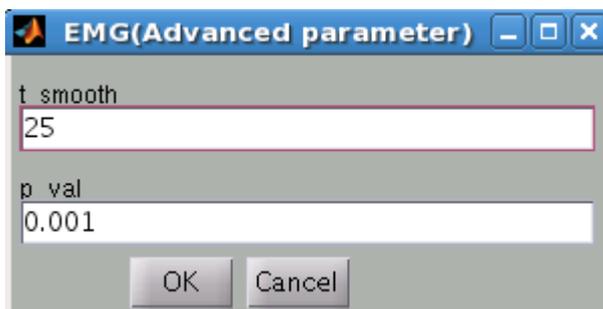
t\_event: 500  
t\_period: 50  
status\_level: 1  
OK Cancel

t\_event : minimum distance from previous onset event [500 ms]

t\_period : minimum period that Smoothed EMG > threshold [50 ms]

status\_level : threshold value control rate [1.0]

\* Advanced parameter



EMG(Advanced parameter)

t\_smooth: 25  
p\_val: 0.001  
OK Cancel

t\_smooth : moving average window length [25 ms]

p\_val : P-value corresponding to threshold value [0.001]

If the signal exceeds the threshold,  
the probability, that the signal is noise, is less than p\_val.

**\* Suggestion for optional parameters**

(a) If too many EMG onsets are extracted, try to increase 't\_event'

(b) If some of onsets are not extracted,

try smaller status\_level and/or shorter 't\_period'

(c) If false onsets with small peaks are extracted,

try larger status\_level and/or longer 't\_period'

**\* Procedure**

1. Smoothed EMG is calculated by moving average of abs(EMG) with time window length of 't\_smooth' (20ms)
2. Gamma distribution is fitted to the peak mode of EMG histogram
3. Default threshold value (y0) is determined from estimated gamma distribution
4. Threshold value  $y_h = y_0 * \text{status\_level}$
5. EMG power is calculated by TKE operator
  - 1) band-pass filtering at 30-300 Hz
  - 2)  $y(t) = x(t)^2 - x(t-1)x(t+1)$  (TKE operator)
  - 3) low-pass filtering at 50 Hz
6. EMG onsets are extracted where EMG power exceed the threshold value

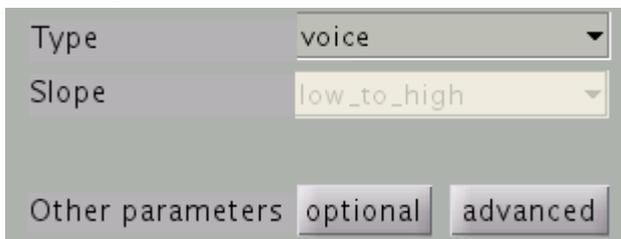
**\* Condition for EMG onset (vb\_get\_emg\_onset\_time.m)**

1. Period length that EMG power exceed the threshold is larger than 't\_period'
2. Distance from previous onset should be larger than 't\_event'

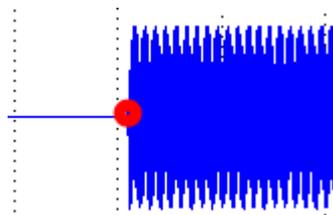
## voice

Find voice onset time that smoothed signal exceed the specified level.

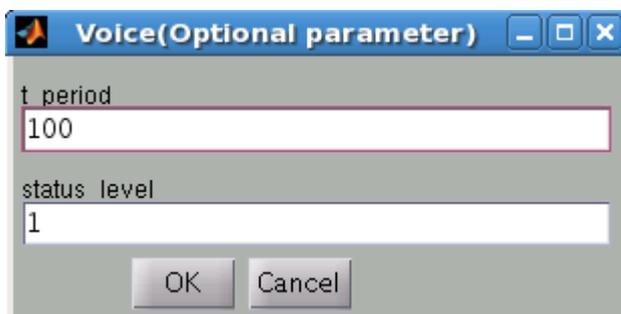
\* Basic parameter : none



Type: voice  
Slope: low\_to\_high  
Other parameters: optional, advanced



\* Optional parameter

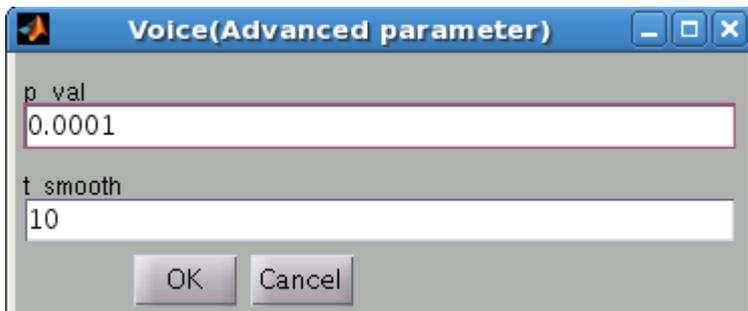


Voice(Optional parameter)  
t\_period: 100  
status\_level: 1  
OK, Cancel

t\_period : minimum period length that SA exceeds the threshold [100 ms]

status\_level : threshold value control rate [1.0]

\* Advanced parameter



Voice(Advanced parameter)  
p\_val: 0.0001  
t\_smooth: 10  
OK, Cancel

p\_val : P-value corresponding to the threshold [0.0001]

t\_smooth : moving average window length [10 ms]

\* Procedure

1. Smoothed amplitude (SA) is calculated by moving average of  $\text{abs}(\text{signal})$  with time window length of t\_smooth (10ms : 100Hz)
2. Gamma distribution is fitted to the SA histogram
3. Default threshold value ( $y_0$ ) is determined from estimated gamma distribution
4. Threshold value  $y_h = y_0 * \text{status\_level}$
5. Voice onsets are extracted where SA exceed the threshold

**\* Condition for voice onset (vb\_get\_voice\_onset.m)**

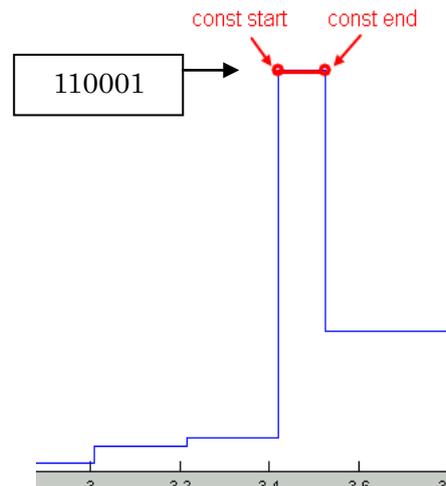
1. Period length that SA exceed the threshold is larger than 't\_period'

## integer

Find onset points using bit pattern.

### \* Basic parameter

Type	integer
Slope	const_start
Bit pattern(H>L)	0
Other parameters	<input type="button" value="optional"/> <input type="button" value="advanced"/>



Bit Pattern(H>L) : e.g. 110001

Slope :

const\_start : Find points that the given bit pattern appears.

const\_end : Find points that the given bit pattern disappears.

### \* Optional parameter

Data offset	-6751232
Bitmask	11111111

Data offset: If the baseline of trigger channel is not 0, specify this value.

Data – (Data offset) correction would be done.

When you press the property button next to the trigger channel, you will see the maximum/minimum value of the data contained in the channel, this value is specified with reference to it.

Bitmask : Mask processing is applied to leave the required bit data. Specify 0 or 1.

For example, if you specify 11111111, then retrieve the data from the lower 8bit.

## bit

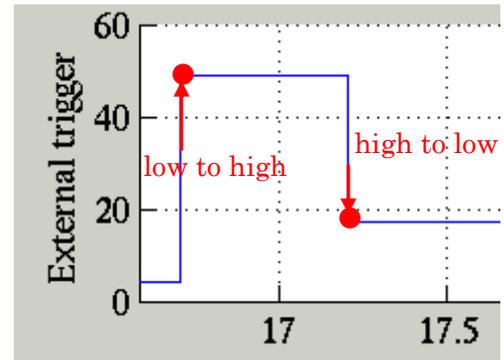
Find onset points using bit number.

Check the ON / OFF of the number of bits specified to detect the onset position.

It never think of specified bit number.

### \* Basic parameter

Type	bit
Slope	low_to_high
Bit number	7
Other parameters	<input type="button" value="optional"/> <input type="button" value="advanced"/>



Bit number : bit number from 0 [integer]

Slope : low\_to\_high : Find points that specified bit turn on.

high\_to\_low : Find points that specified bit turn off.

### \* Optional parameter

The dialog box is titled 'Adjustment parameter for digital trigger'. It features two text input fields. The first field, labeled 'Data offset', contains the value '-6751232'. The second field, labeled 'Bitmask', contains the value '11111111'. At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: 'OK' and 'Cancel'.

Data offset: If the baseline of trigger channel is not 0, specify this value.

Data - (Data offset) correction would be done.

When you press the property button next to the trigger channel, you will see the maximum/minimum value of the data contained in the channel, this value is specified with reference to it.

Bitmask : Mask processing is applied to leave the required bit data. Specify 0 or 1.

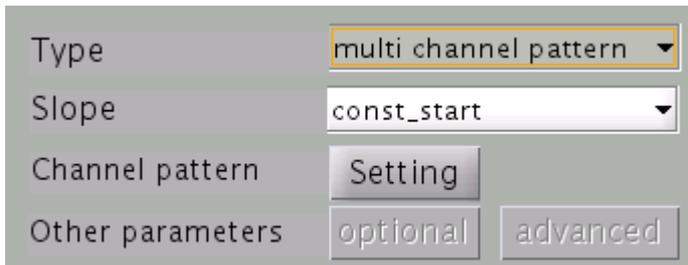
For example, if you specify 11111111, then retrieve the data from the lower 8bit.

## multi channel pattern

Find onset points that signal changes to the given multi channel bit pattern.

Choose channel list from Extra channel list.

### \* Basic parameter



The screenshot shows a configuration dialog box with the following elements:

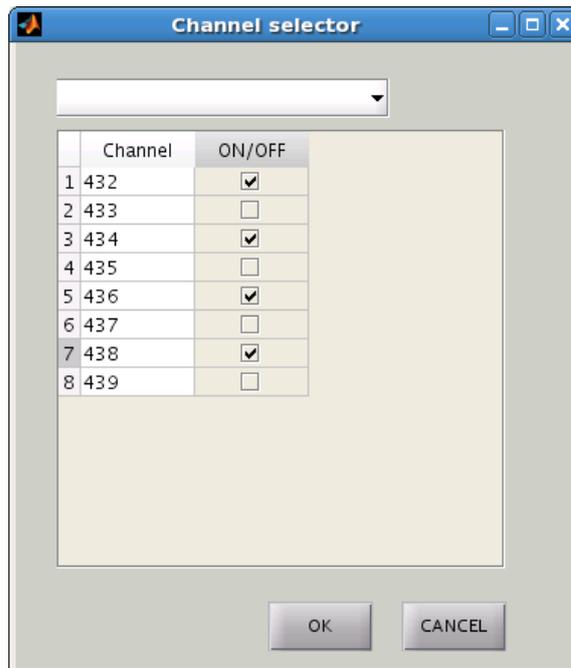
- Type: multi channel pattern (dropdown menu)
- Slope: const\_start (dropdown menu)
- Channel pattern: Setting (button)
- Other parameters: optional (button) and advanced (button)

Slope :

const\_start : Find points that the given channel bit pattern appears.

const\_end : Find points that the given channel bit pattern disappears.

Channel pattern : Specify channel status(ON/OFF) by checkbox.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Channel selector" with a table of channels and checkboxes for ON/OFF status.

Channel	ON/OFF
1 432	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2 433	<input type="checkbox"/>
3 434	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4 435	<input type="checkbox"/>
5 436	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6 437	<input type="checkbox"/>
7 438	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
8 439	<input type="checkbox"/>

Buttons: OK, CANCEL

\* Optional parameter : none

\* Advanced parameter : none

## Batch Processing

Batch processing function is prepared in order to process the data that has been recorded in the same trigger method.

### Function spec

```
vb_trial_extractor_batch_exec(trx_parm);
```

trx\_parm : Parameter for trial extraction.

The details of the structure is written in the help of the function. The usage of the function is below.

1. Make template parameter using GUI
  - (1) Extract trials by using GUI and confirm the result is correct.
  - (2) Select [File]->[Save batch parameter] and save the extraction parameter to the file(.trx.mat).
2. Make batch script as below.

```
% Load template parameter
load('batch_parameter.trx.mat ', 'trx_parm ');
% Specify Continuous MEG/EEG file
trx_parm.con_file = '/home/user/subject1.meg.mat ';
% Labeling settings(if needed)
trx_parm.label_spec.base_label = { ' TRIGGER1 '};
trx_parm.label_spec.label_file = 'label_sbj1.txt ';
% Output settings
trx_parm.output_file{1}.label_name = 'cond1';
trx_parm.output_file{1}.output_file = '/home/user/cond1.meg.mat';
trx_parm.output_file{2}.label_name = 'cond2';
trx_parm.output_file{2}.output_file = '/home/user/cond2.meg.mat';
trx_parm.output_sample_freq = 500; % 500Hz
% Start batch processing
vb_trial_extractor_batch_exec(trx_parm);
```

The scrip

- 1.Extract trials by using `trx_parm -> TRIGGER1`
- 2.Label to trials by `label_sbj1.txt(cond1/cond2)`
- 3.Output MEG files(`cond1.meg.mat, cond2.meg.mat`). sampling frequency: 500Hz.

NOTE: Please refer to [\(a\)Label to trials by label file](#). about the label file.